IN-DEPTH

Crafting change

Students and staff find passion in various art forms during the pandemic

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The Evolution of Western Art History Prehistoric Art 40.000-4.000 B.C.E. Medieval Art 500-1400 C.E. Renaissance Art 1400-1600 C.E. **Baroque Art** 1600-1750 C.E. Romanticism 780-1850 C.E. Realism 1848-1900 C.E. Impressionism 1865-1885 C.E. Expressionism 905-1920 C.E. Abstract Impressionism 1940s-1950s C.E. Contemporary Art 1970-present

Forced into isolation and boredom during the rise of the COVID-19 pandemic, Frisk Harris, senior, began to search for something to occupy their time. Though they picked up hobbies such as skateboarding and baking, Harris found the most passion in an art form they'd never thought to explore.

"Two years ago on my TikTok, I was seeing a lot of people shaping pottery and stuff," Harris said. "I thought it would be kind of cool to try."

Though many businesses were closed, Harris sought out and bought clay wherever they could to begin molding it. When they returned for their senior year, they took up a ceramics class to continue their newfound passion.

Though ceramics is an art form that dates back to 28,000 B.C.E., with the oldest artifact being a clay figurine, students and staff have turned back to art as a hands-on expression to keep themselves occupied while during the pandemic. For some, art is a past time. For others, it is an expression of their emotions.

Popularity

This school year, 605 students are enrolled in art classes, but the mediums of those arts vary.

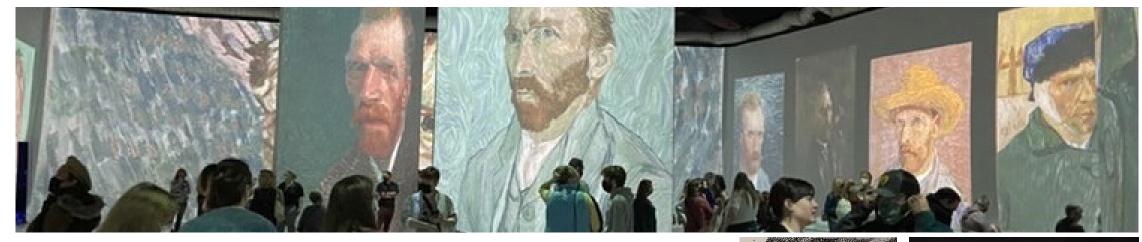
Farren Miller, senior, took a liking to painting as a kid by observing her grandpa as he painted. As a current AP Art Studio student, Miller said she experiments with a plethora of mediums; however, she predominantly works with paint.

"Typically, I go for realism, but recently I have been trying to do some impressionism or Renaissance style art, as well as some styles of abstract," Miller said. "Also, I like mixing realism with some of those styles as well to get an interesting look."

In a time when tactile art is being swapped for digital art, Miller said she aims to capture new concepts traditionally.

"Cartoonism is pretty popular right now, and t might bring back nostalgia to some in the future, but for me, I will always prefer realism and traditional artwork," Miller said.

Such an interest in art isn't limited solely to paint and canvas. For Rishabh Sabnavis, junior, photography is his preferred medium. Sabnavis



is enrolled in Advanced Photography and takes photographs recreationally.

"I mainly work with current photography styles but through traditional technology," Sabnavis said. "For example, I prefer film photography but in an urban landscape."

Sabnavis said he captures and communicates different cultures and lifestyles through his photographs and hopes future generations will interpret current photography as versatile and capable of storytelling in a single snapshot.

"Our photography right now will influence what people think of the people in our time period, just as photos from the 90s and 80s show us what their lives were like," Sabnavis said.

The Deeper Meaning

"Art doesn't just reflect

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Dr. Kristina Kleutahen.

history and archeology

As art continues to pick up the nuances of the time period, historians can better understand what it was like to be alive during that time.

Dr. Kristina Kleutghen, associate professor of art history and archeology at Washington University, said art created now will reflect the time.

"It's all happening at the same time as Black Lives Matter, and voting rights protests and all sorts of other highly politicized conflicts," Dr. Kleutghen said. "Certainly in the time of a pandemic when everyone is learning differently, working with art differently and creating things in ways that previously there was no need to create works under such tightly restricted set of environments, everything is

different."

Dr. Kleutghen said art also serves as an agent of change in the world. It actually has the present.

"Art doesn't just reflect what is happening in the world. It actually has agency, associate professor of art and what I mean by that is it does active work in the world. So yes, people are creating objects, but those objects don't

> exist in a vacuum," Dr. Kleutghen said. "They go back into the world and reflect on people who see them and people who interact with them."

> Dr. Kleutghen said reflecting on art of different cultures can bring people of all different backgrounds together through a common interest and is effective, especially during a digital age where constant online interaction occurs.

"Certainly the more you know about something, the less you are afraid of it," Dr. Kleutghen said. "We have even more opportunities to come together through visual material, through works of art than ever before."

Reflecting on the Past

While many in the community seek to create new artwork, others, such as Della Thompson, French teacher, have taken a fascination with reflecting on artists of the past.

This past fall saw the emergence of the "Beyond Van Gogh" immersive experience at the Starry Night pavilion at the St. Louis Galleria. Since then, the pop-up has become a popular spot for teens and adults alike and will continue to do so until its end on Wednesday, March 30. Thompson discovered the pop-up via Facebook and said she was "blown away."

"There are some things that are very subtle about it," Thompson said. "The movement of the stars is very similar to the movement of liquids, and it's interesting how even now we're learning things about his artwork."

when we look at his artwork."

rated objects reflect."

Information from invaluable

The pop-up displays Van Gogh's work through interactive exhibits, projectors and floating canvases that depict accounts of his life.

Thompson said she enjoys Van Gogh's art in part because it encapsulates both his art and the time period in which it was created.

"With artwork like his, we can see scenes of daily life," Thompson said. "But also, it's a way to communicate with people in the past. We can definitely feel the same feelings he was feeling

Thompson is not the only one who takes an interest in past art, as archaeologist Dr. Liam Brady said it shows not only emotion felt by the creators but also what life was like.

"For rock art, changes could be related to what was happening in the environment," Dr. Brady said. "Other images reflect peoples' belief systems. There are a great many things that rock art and other artifacts such as sculptures and deco-

Dr. Brady said modern art functions similarly to the artwork of older times, and historians into the future will be able to derive similar meaning from the work being created now.

"I think the paintings on rock walls do what modern art does: it tells a story," Dr. Brady said.













Sanjana Iyer, senior, attended the Van Gogh exhibit and said it was fascinating to see art come to life through multiple mediums. Driptaa Chakraborty, senior, has created numerous pieces of work, including the ones pictured, and said she has found creativity to be an outlet. "I think that is what I want to do in my future," Chakraborty said. "Combining fields like math and art and to create something that is at the intersection of those two fields." Photographs by Driptaa Chakraborty and Sanjana Iyer



Dr. Barbara Danin, Art Therapist, discusses the benefit of art during the pandemic.



WHAT IS ART THERAPY AND THE GOALS FOR THIS TYPE **OF TREATMENT?**

"It's not meant to create some type of aesthetic piece of art. It's really meant to serve as a vehicle for self expression, and it's more about the process than the product."

WHAT CHANGES HAVE YOU SEEN TO THE ART THERAPY INDUSTRY **DURING THE PANDEMIC?**

"Mental health referrals have increased because so many people are struggling. Maybe more clients, less art. The repertoire of materials is much more limited doing it virtually."

WHY WOULD THERE BE A POPULARITY OF ART AMONG HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS?

"Creating art is therapeutic, and so it could be that people are discovering that. That being creative and being expressive feels good, and having a product, accomplishing something. Having something to take away from it feels good. It's satisfying. That can be healing too."

WHAT MAKES ARTWORK THAT IS CREATED DURING THE PANDEMIC UNIOUE?

"We were just so busy being on the run all the time and never really taking the time to stop and just stay at home all day. A lot of people, in some way or another, whether it's making art or getting more into music, that this has really changed the way we spend time and given us new opportunities in that way."